

Botanical name:
Genus: Caryota
Species: mitis

Common Name(s):
Fish tail palm

Latin Family Name: Arecaceae
English Family Name: Arum

The plant

Origin; country or region: Native to native to Tropical Asia

Growth habit: A tropical evergreen perennials, grows in clumps

Flower description: Flowers are purple, and the fruits are dark purple or red

Blooming period/availability: Perennial

Leaf/Foliage Description: Paddle, solitary or clustered, unbranched stems and leaves

Leaves are large, long-stalked, arching

The leaves are split in such a way they look like the caudal tail of every common fish

Usage: Cultivated as an ornamental plant

STRENGTHS/OPPORTUNITIES:

Adds a bit of a tropical touch to your plant collection

A very quick growing palm

Makes excellent indoor plants

The fishtail palm can be used in shrub borders and outdoor container plantings

It tolerates heavy shade and is often used in interior plantings in commercial buildings

buildings

Fishtail palm is a tough, easy to grow palm that makes a great houseplant

WEAKNESS:

Leaves can damage easily



The fishtail palm tree is found most often in South Asia and thrives in warm climates

Care & Handling

Longevity: 5 years plus

Water requirements: Keep compost moist

Light: Full sun partial shade

Soil/Nutrition requirements: Rich, humus-laden, good draining soil

Special care/remarks:

Very poisonous for humans and animals

Flowers and the fruits are harmful to humans

