

**Botanical name:**  
**Genus:** Echeveria  
**Species:** agavoides

**Common Name(s):**  
Moulded wax  
succulent  
**Latin Family Name:**  
Crassulaceae  
**English Family Name:** Stonecorp

### The plant

**Origin; country or region:** Native to Central America and Mexico

### Growth habit:

**Flower description:** Flowers arise from compact rosettes of succulent fleshy leaves

### Blooming period/availability:

**Leaf/Foliage Description:** Leaves are a stunning compact rosette shape, plump leaves, and large variety of colours/bright colours

**Usage :** Their unique appearance and low maintenance needs have made Echeverias widely popular, they are the most popular types of succulents

### STRENGTHS/OPPORTUNITIES:

Their stunning symmetrical rosette shape, plump leaves, and large variety of colors give them a striking resemblance to flowers which makes them easy to decorate, floral arrangements, terrariums, artwork, and even wedding cakes

Ideal for succulent gardens /rock gardens

Great for adding on the hand bouquets

(Remove from soil and wrap the roots in a nice manner and add as required)

### WEAKNESS:

Water and light sensitive

Delicate so handle with care

Echeveria genus are distinguished from other succulents like Haworthias and Sempervivums by their plump, smooth leaves that display in a stunning rosette shape

### Care & Handling

**Longevity:** 5-7 years

**Water requirements:** Keep compost moist

**Light:** Substantial amount of bright light

**Soil/Nutrition requirements:** Standard cactus potting mixes are sufficient for Echeverias

A well-draining, porous growing medium to help keep excess moisture away from the roots

Fertilizing is not a requirement for growing Echeveria

### Special care/remarks:

