

Botanical name:
Genus: Hydrangea
Species: macrophylla

Common Name(s): Hydrangea

Latin Family Name:
Hydrangeaceae
English Family Name:
Hydrangea

The plant

Origin; country or region: Native to native to Asia and the Americas

Growth habit: A shade-loving shrub

They can be either deciduous or evergreen

Flower description: Large impressive, spherical flower head
Hydrangeas can be blue, red, pink, light purple, or dark purple

Blooming period/availability: Seasonal

Leaf/Foliage Description: Simple, stalked, toothed, and sometimes lobed

Usage: A widely grown garden or potted plant in many parts of the world

STRENGTHS/OPPORTUNITIES:

Attractive ball-shaped flower clusters

Can be grown in pots as well as in the ground, as a shrub cluster

Used as cut flowers and also dried and used in arrangements

WEAKNESS:

Needs plenty of bright light

Many plants even after much care, do not bloom or will bloom poorly



TRIVIA: If they flower blue, your soil is acidic (having less than 5.5 pH) and if they bloom pink, your soil is alkaline (higher than 6.5 pH)
If your soil is between acidic and alkaline, then you will probably have purple flowers

Care & Handling

Longevity: 5 years plus

Water requirements: Frequent watering, keep soil moist at all times

Light: Needs bright light

Soil/Nutrition requirements: Plants require good fertile, well drained soil with a lot of organic matter in

Special care/remarks: Colors range from white to pink, blue, or purple flowers, depending on the soil's acidity

~Annual Seasonal plant (In India)

